Vidya Prabodhini College of Commerce, Edu., Comp. and Mgml., l'avial (iwa

## TYBCOM SEMESTER END ASSESSMENT, JUNE 2022

SUBJECT: Accounting II

PAPER: Accounting II (DSI: (17)

Semester: VI
Duration: 2 Hours
Max Marks: 80

## Instructions:

## Question No. 1 is compulsory

Answer any 3 questions from the remaining questions
Show important working notes as fair work
rigures to the right indicatc marks alloted
Q.1. Mr. Lex Luthor has done the following transactions in $11 \%$ stock of Luthor Corporation between $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2021 and $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2022 and all these transactions are cum-interest except those marked ex-interest. Interest is payable half yearly on $30^{\text {th }}$ September and $31^{\text {st }}$ March. The accounting period ends on $31^{\text {st }}$ March every year.

|  | Purchased ₹ 10,000) stock @ ₹ 101.50 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2021 | Purchased ₹ 25,000 stock @ ₹ 101 |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ May, 2021 | Purchased ₹ 25,000 stock |
| $1^{\text {\% }}$ Junke, 2021 | Sulu ₹ 15,000 stuck (u, ₹ 103.25 |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ June, 2021 | Purchased ₹ 5,000 stock @ ₹ 103 - |
| $15^{\text {th }}$ August, 2021 | Sold ₹ 10,000 stock@ ₹ 105 ex-interest |
| $1{ }^{\text {st }}$ October, 2021 | Sold ₹ 4,000 stock @ ₹ 102.50 |
| $30^{\text {th }}$ November, 2021 | Purchased ₹ 5,000 stock @ ₹ 101.25 ex-interes |
| $01^{\text {st }}$ January, 2022 | Purchased ₹ 5,000 stock @ ₹ 102 |
| $31 \%$ January, 2022 | Sold ₹ 15,000 stock @ ₹ 103 |

Write up Investment Account in the books of the corporation, showing the profits and losses of the transactions using the weighted average cost method and also showing the amount of interest for each accounting period duly realised. (20 MARKS)
Q.2. Gotham Industries issued on $1^{\text {st }}$ January, 2018, 30,000 6\% debentures of ₹ 100 each at par repayable at the end of 4 years at a premium of $10 \%$. It was decided to create a debenture redemption fund for the redemption of debentures. Investments are expected to earn interest at $5 \%$ per annum. Reference to the sinking fund table shows that $₹ 0.232012$ invested annually at $5 \%$ compound interest amounts to ₹ 1 at the end of 4 years. Investments were made in multiples of ₹ 100 only. On 31/12/2021 investments were sold for ₹ $28,05,000$ and the debentures were redeemed. Give journal entries for the four years.
Q.3. Marvel Ltd. issued $450011 \%$ debentures of ₹ 100 each at par on $1^{\text {st }}$ January, 2017. The terms of the issue of debentures provided that company provide a sinking fund for redemption of debentures on $31^{\text {st }}$ December, 2021. The company decided to take out an insurance policy to provide necessary cash to facilitate redemption of debentures. The annual insurance premium payable to the insurance company works out to ₹ 79,000 . Prepare $11 \%$ Debentures Account, sinking fund Account and Insurance policy Account for 5 years ending $31^{\text {sl }}$ December, 2021.
Q.4. On 1-4-2021 Mr. Green Goblin had 25,000 equity shares of Oscorp Ltd. at a book value of ₹ 15 per share (face value ₹ 10 ). On 20/6/2021 he purchased further 10,000 equity shares of Oscorp Lid. at ₹ 20 per share. On 31/7/2021 he purchased 25000) equity shares @ ₹ 18 per share. Director of Oscorp Ltd. announced a bonus and rights issue. No dividend was payable on bonus and rights issues. The terms of issue were as follows:

Bonus - basis 1: $6(16 / 8 / 2021)$
Rights - basis $3: 7$ (31/8/2021) price ₹ 18 per share.
Mr. Green Goblin sold $1 / 3^{\text {rd }}$ of his entitlement to Mr. Sandman for a consideration of ₹ 4 per share. Dividend at $25 \%$ for the year ending 2020-21 was declared by Oscorp Lid., and Mr. Green Goblin received the same on $31 / 10 / 2021$. On $25 / 11 / 2021 \mathrm{Mr}$. Green Goblin sold 20,000 equity shares at a premium of ₹ 10 per share. On 28/2/2022 sold further 5,000 shares @ ₹ 30 per share.
Prepare the Investment Account in the books of Mr. Green Goblin, assuming the books close on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2022 and shares are valued at weighted average cost. (20 MARKS)
Q.5. Mr. Brainiac is a Chartered Accountant. He provides the following information for the year ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021.
Receipts and Payments Account for the year ended $311^{\text {st }}$ March, 2022

| Receipts | $₹$ | Payments | $₹$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Opening cash and bank <br> balance | 42,000 | Printing and stationery | 2,100 |
| Audit fees | $4,20,000$ | Postage and Couriers | 900 |
| Fees for other services | $1,80,000$ | Motor car expenses | 30,000 |
| Miscellaneous Income | 1,500 | Establishment charges | 76,500 |
|  |  | Computers (purchased on 1/12/21) | 22,500 |
|  |  | Library Books (purchased on 1/10/21) | 4,500 |
|  |  | Travelling and conveyance | 7,500 |
|  |  | Membership fees | 1,200 |
|  |  | Subscription of Journals | 1,800 |
|  |  | Drawings | $2,70,000$ |
|  |  | Cash at Bank | $2,19,000$ |
|  | $6,43,500$ |  | 7,500 |
|  |  |  | $6,43,500$ |

The following are the assets and liabilities as on 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021

| Liabilities | $₹$ | Assets | $₹$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Owner's Capital | $1,32,000$ | Motor Car | 60,000 |
| Clients' accounts | 10,500 | $\vdots$ 品iture | 24,000 |
|  |  | Office Machinery | 9,000 |
|  |  | Library Books | 7,500 |
|  |  | Cashat Bank | 37,500 |
|  |  | Cash in Hand | 4,500 |
|  | $1,42,500$ |  | $1,42,500$ |

Additional Information:
a. Audit fees receivable - ₹ 24,000
b. Outstanding liability for establishment charges - ₹ 3,000
c. Depreciation to be provided on motor car @ $20 \%$, Office machinery @ $15 \%$, firmiture (a) $10 \%$, library books (a) $10 \%$ and computers (a) $15 \%$.
You are required to prepare the Receipt and Expenditure Account for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2022 and Balance sheet as on that date.
( 20 MARKS )
Q.6. Dr. Stark a medical practitioner has chamber housed in a part of his own residential building for which a notional monthly rent may be fixed at ₹ $12,000 \mathrm{pm}$.

From the information given below, prepare for the year ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2022, Receipt and Expenditure a/c of the Profession, Income and Expenditure A/c of the household and Household cash statement.
The summary of the transactions during the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2022 were as follows:
a) Medical fees earned ₹ $1,02,500$
b) Received interest on investment (household) ₹ 25,000
c) Cost of running and maintaining a motor car ₹ 14,000
d) Gas and electricity ₹ 2,400
e) Jarvis, a helper: Salary - ₹ 5060 , food is given from the household - ₹ 1,460
f) Pay of assistants (Profession) - ₹ 25,000
g) Provision for depreciation- Household - ₹ 17,500 , Profession - ₹ 2,500
h) Household expenses - ₹ 28,540 (actual - ₹ 30,000 less food for Jarvis - ₹ 1460)
i) Drawings from profession ₹ $3,(0) 0$

Additional Information:
Expenses against items (c), (d) and (e) are to be allocated equally between household and profession.

