Vidya Prabodhini College of Codhan Education Society's

## Parvari Goa

FYBCOM SEMESTER END ASSESSMENT JUNE 2022

## Financial Statement Analysis and Intérpretation (UCOC104) <br> Semester: II <br> Instructions: <br> Duration: 2 Hours <br> Max Marks: 80

- Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- Attempt ANY 3 questions from Question no. 2 to Question no. 6.
- Each question carries 20 marks.
- Mention working note required wherever necessary.

Q1. Following is the trial balance extracted from the books of Syska Ltd. for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2019.
(20 Marks)

| Debenture Interest Particulars | Marks) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Debit ₹ | Credit ₹ |
| Purchase of stock in trade | 80,000 |  |
| Wages | 89,000 |  |
| Salaries | 75,000 |  |
| Purchase of raw material | 1,42,800 |  |
| Stock of materials on 1.4.2018 | 4,12,000 |  |
| Rent rates and taxes | 24,500 |  |
| Travelling expenses | 13,000 |  |
| Repairs | 11,000 |  |
| Printing and stationery | 2,500 |  |
| Sales | 5,400 |  |
| Interest on government securities |  | 10,91,000 |
| Bad debts |  | 3,600 |
| Interest on bank loan | 2,200 |  |
| Postage and telephone expenses | 5,600 |  |
| Sundry expenses | 4,300 |  |
| Contribution to Provident Fund |  |  |
| Building | reren |  |
| Machinery | 6,02,000 |  |

Prepare Profit and Loss A/c for the year ended $31{ }^{\text {st }}$ March 2019 as per the Schedule III of Companies Act 2013 after taking into consideration following adjustments:

1. Depreciation to be provided at $5 \%$ on building and $10 \%$ on machinery.
2. Provide for income tax at $50 \%$ of net profit.
3. Closing stock of materials was ₹ 30,100 .

Q2. Following is the Balance sheet of TCS Ltd. as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2020. (20 Marks) Balance sheet as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2020

| Lalance sheet as onilities |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| $₹$ | Assets | $₹$ |  |
| Equity Share capital | $4,00,000$ | Land and Building | $\mathbf{6 , 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ |
| Preference share capital | $5,00,000$ | Machinery | $3,00,000$ |
| General Reserve | $3,00,000$ | Investments | $4,00,000$ |
| Profit and loss A/c $(\mathbf{C r})$ | 60,000 | Stock | $1,50,000$ |
| 12\% Debentures | $2,40,000$ | Debtors | $5,00,000$ |
| Creditors | $6,00,000$ | Bills receivable | $2,50,000$ |
| Bills payable | $1,60,000$ | Loose tools | 20,000 |
| Outstanding expenses | 40,000 | Cash | 80,000 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{2 3 , 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ |  | $\mathbf{2 3 , 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ |

Prepare Common Size Balance Sheet from the above information in vertical form.

Q3. Following is the Trading and Profit and Loss A/c of TVS Ltd. for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2015 and 2016.

Trading and Profit \& Loss A/c for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2015 \& 2016

| Particulars | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 ~ ₹ ~}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6} ₹$ | Particulars | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5} ₹$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6} ₹$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| To opening stock <br> of materials | $\mathbf{1 , 2 5 , 0 0 0}$ | $1,50,000$ | By sales | $2,50,000$ | $4,00,000$ |
| To purchase of <br> material | $2,00,000$ | $4,00,000$ | By closing stock <br> of materials | $1,50,000$ | $2,90,000$ |
| To carriage inward | 10,000 | 30,000 |  |  |  |
| To gross profit c/d | 65,000 | $1,10,000$ |  |  |  |
|  | $4,00,000$ | $6,90,000$ |  | $4,00,000$ | $6,90,000$ |
|  | 25,000 | 40,000 | By gross profit b/d | 65,000 | $1,10,000$ |
| To salaries | 5,000 | 8,000 | By interest | 5,000 | 10,000 |
| To wages | 3,500 | 7,000 |  |  |  |
| To office expenses | 4,000 | 6,000 |  |  |  |
| To sundry expenses | 7,500 | 10,000 |  |  |  |
| To income tax | 25,000 | 49,000 |  | $\mathbf{7 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 0 , 0 0 0}$ |
| To Net profit | $\mathbf{7 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 0 , 0 0 0}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Prepare Comparative Income Statement from the above information in vertical form.

Q4. Following are the Balance sheet of ACC Cement Ltd. as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2017 and 2018.

| Liabilities | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5} ₹$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6} ₹$ |  |  |  |  | Assets | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ ₹ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ ₹ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Share capital | $6,00,000$ | $7,00,000$ | Building | $7,00,000$ | $8,00,000$ |  |  |  |  |
|  <br> surplus | $2,20,000$ | $3,20,000$ | Machinery | $3,20,000$ | $4,00,000$ |  |  |  |  |
| Provision for <br> income tax | 25,000 | 32,000 | Accounts <br> receivable | 40,000 | 60,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Debentures | $1,50,000$ | $2,20,000$ | Copyrights | 60,000 | 80,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Long term loans | $2,00,000$ | $1,80,000$ | Inventories | 30,000 | 35,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts <br> payable | 50,000 | 70,000 | Prepaid <br> expenses | 25,000 | 32,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Other current <br> liabilities | 30,000 | 40,000 | Cash | $1,00,000$ | $1,55,000$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\mathbf{1 2 , 7 5 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 6 2 , 0 0 0}$ |  |  |  |  |

You are required to calculate the following ratios for the two years. ( $\mathbf{2 0}$ Marks)

1. Debt-equity ratio
2. Current ratio
3. Liquid ratio
4. Proprietary ratio

Q5.
a) Following information extracted from the books of Green Orient Company, prepare Balance Sheet in vertical form as per the schedule III of companies Act 2013:
(10 Marks)

| Liabilities | ₹ | Assets | ₹ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Equity Share capital | $8,00,000$ | Furniture | $9,50,000$ |
| Preference share capital | $5,00,000$ | Trademarks | $3,00,000$ |
| Securities premium | 75,000 | Equipment | $3,50,000$ |
| $12 \%$ Debentures | $3,20,000$ | Stock | 45,000 |
| Creditors | 80,000 | Debtors | $1,40,000$ |
| Bills payable | 45,000 | Bills receivable | 35,000 |
|  | $\mathbf{1 8 , 2 0 , 0 0 0}$ |  | $\mathbf{1 8 , 2 0 , 0 0 0}$ |

b) Following is the Revenue statement of Visagar Ltd. for the year ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2016:
(10 Marks)
Trading and Profit and Loss A/c for year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2016.

| Particulars | $₹$ | Particulars | $₹$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| To opening stock of material | 55,000 | By sales | $5,50,000$ |
| To purchase of material | $3,20,000$ | By closing stock of material | 30,000 |
| To carriage inward | 5,500 |  |  |
| To wages | 30,000 |  |  |


| To gross profit c/d | $1,69,500$ |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{5 , 8 0 , 0 0 0}$ |  | $\mathbf{5 , 8 0 , 0 0 0}$ |
| To office expenses | 15,000 | By gross profit b/d | $1,69,500$ |
| To distribution expenses | 8,500 |  |  |
| To salaries | 46,000 |  |  |
| To net profit | $1,00,000$ |  | $\mathbf{1 , 6 9 , 5 0 0}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 , 6 9 , 5 0 0}$ |  |  |

You are required to calculate:

1. Gross Profit ratio
2. Net Profit ratio
3. Stock Turnover ratio

Q6. The following records has been extracted from the books of WD Ltd. for the year ended 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ December 2017 and 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ December 2018.
(20 Marks)

| Particulars | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7} \mathbf{₹}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8} \mathbf{₹}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cash | 4,300 | 5,800 |
| Prepaid expenses | 200 | 200 |
| Debtors | 8,000 | 9,000 |
| Stock | 3,200 | 4,000 |
| Investments (long term) | 5,000 | 3,000 |
| Machinery (at cost) | 2,500 | 4,000 |
| Building (at cost) | 7,500 | 9,000 |
| Land | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | $\mathbf{3 1 , 7 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 , 7 0 0}$ |
| Accumulated depreciation on Machinery | 300 | 750 |
| Accumulated depreciation on Building | 1,200 | 1,800 |
| Creditors | 3,300 | 4,000 |
| Outstanding expenses | 350 | 450 |
| Debentures | 4,000 | 3,500 |
| Equity share capital | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Profit and Loss A/c | 2,350 | 5,200 |
| Provision for doubtful debts | 200 | 300 |
|  | $\mathbf{3 1 , 7 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 7 0 0}$ |

## Additional information:

1. Dividend paid during 2018 was ₹ 2,650 .
2. Investment costing ₹ 2,000 were sold in 2018 for ₹ 2,500 .
3. Machinery costing ₹ 500 on which ₹ 100 depreciation has been accumulated was sold for ₹ 600 in the year 2018.

Prepare Cash Flow statement for the year 2018.

