## T.X.B.Com Semester VI (CBCS) Ordinance

## EXAMINATION MAY 2023

Accounting Major V-Advanced Company Accounts

## |Time:2 Hours|

[Max. Marks:80]

Instructions: 1) Q. No. 1 is compulsory.
2) Answer any three questions from Q.No. 2 to Q.No. 6
3) Each question carries 20 marks
4) Figures to the right indicate maximum marks allotted.
5) All working notes to form part of the answer.

Q1 The following is the summary of assets and liabilities of REVLON LTD. as at 31st
20 Marks March 2019;

| Liabilities | Amount (Rs.) | Assets | Amount (Rs.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $12,000,10 \%$ <br> Preference shares of Rs. 100 each | 12,00,000 | Goodwill | 90,000 |
| 24,000, Equity shares of Rs. 100 each | 24,00,000 | Land \& buildings | 12,00,000 |
| 10\% Debentures | 6,00,000 | Plant \& machinery | 18,00,000 |
| Bank overdraft | 6,00,000 | Stock | 2,60,000 |
| Sundry Creditors | 3,00,000 | Debtors | 2,80,000 |
| - | ------------- | Cash | 30,000 |
| ------------------------- | -------- | Profit \& Loss account | 14,00,000 |
| ------ | ------------- | Preliminary expenses | 40,000 |
| Total | 51,00,000 | Total | 51,00,000 |

On the above date the company adopted the following scheme of reconstruction;
(a) The equity shares are to be reduced by changing the face value to Rs. 40 each fully paid.
(b) The preference shares are to be reduced by changing the face value to Rs. 75 each fully paid.
(c) The debenture holders took over stock and debtors in full satisfaction of their claims.
(d) The Land \& Building to be appreciated by $30 \%$.
(e) Plant \& Machinery to be depreciated by $30 \%$.
(f) The fictitious and intangible assets are to be eliminated
(g) Expenses of reconstruction amounted to Rs. 5,000.

Pass journal entries and prepare the reconstructed Balance Sheet in the books of REVLON LTD.
Q2 GAMON LTD Co.'s Balance sheet as on 31st March 2019 is as follows:

| Liabilities | Amount (Rs.) | Assets | Amount(Rs.) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Share Capital: <br> 87,500 Equity shares of <br> Rs.100 each fully paid | $8,75,000$ | Goodwill | 87,500 |
| Profit \& Loss account | $1,98,275$ | Land \& Buildings | $3,15,000$ |
| Bank overdraft | $1,40,000$ | Plant \& machinery | $1,70,000$ |
| Sundry creditors | $3,15,000$ | Furniture | 75,000 |
| Bills payable | 64,000 | Motor vehicles | $1,75,000$ |
| Unpaid bills | 1,975 | Stock | $2,10,000$ |
| Provision for Taxation | 68,250 | Sundry debtors | $3,00,000$ |
|  |  | Cash \& Bank balance | $3,30,000$ |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 6 , 6 2 , 5 0 0}$ | TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 6 , 6 2 , 5 0 0}$ |
| The profits eaned by the |  |  |  |

The profits earned by the company in the past five years as on 31st March have been as follows:

2015
Rs.2,17,000
2016
Rs.2,24,000
2017
2018
Rs.2,48,500
Rs.2,73,000
2019
Rs. 2,96,500

Income Tax to be taken at $50 \%$.
The company has been paying dividend averaging around $12.5 \%$ which is the reasonable rate of return on capital invested in this line of business.
It should be assumed that the entire profit during the year is withdrawn from the
business. You are required to value the goodwill under;
1 Super profit method
23 year's purchase of super profit method
3 Capitalisation of FMP
4 Capitalisation of super profit method

Q3 The balance sheet of Phoenix limited as on 31 si March 2019 was as follows

| Particulars | Note <br> No. | Amount (Rs.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Equity and Liabilities |  |  |
| 1. Shareholders' finds <br> a) share capital---5000 Equity Shares of Rs. 100 each <br> b) Reserves \& surplus <br> -- Reserve (General reserve) <br> --- Profit \& loss account |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5,00,000 \\ & \\ & 10,000 \\ & (1,65,000) \end{aligned}$ |
| 2. Share application money pending allotment <br> 3. Non-current liabilities --long term borrowings ( $9 \%$ Debentures) <br> 4. Current liabilities: <br> a) Short term borrowings <br> b) Trade payables (Creditors) |  | $1,00,000$ $90,000$ |
| TOTAL |  | 5,35,000 |
| 1.Non-current assets <br> a) Fixed Assets : <br> (i) Tangible assets: <br> Buildings <br> Plant \& Machinery |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,00,000 \\ -1,60,000 \end{array}$ |
| 2. Current Assets: <br> a) Inventories <br> b) Trade Receivables (Debtors) <br> c) Cash \& Cash equivalents ---- Bank balance |  |  |
| TOTAL |  | 5,35,000 |

On 1st April 2019 EAGLE LIMITED was formed to take over the business of PHOENIX LIMITED on the following terms;
(a) $9 \%$ Debentures will be discharged by the issue of sufficient number of $12 \%$

Debentures of EAGLE LMMTED as would bring the same amount of interest
(b) Shareholders will be issued 2400 Equity shares of Rs. 100 each of EAGLE

LIMITED.
(c) Liquidation expënses of Rs. 2,000 will be paid by EAGLE LIMITED.
(d) The assets and liabilities were taken at following values;

Building - Rs.1,50,000; Plant \& Machinery - Rs. 1,20,000; Inventories Rs.22,500; Debtors - Rs. 90,000.
The other assets and liabilities are taken over at book values.
Prepare necessary ledgers in the books of PHOENIX LIMITED and also pass the opening journal entries in the books of EAGLE LIMITED. (Apply Purchase Method).

Q4 The Balance sheet of ALCON LOGISTICS LTD. As on 31st March 2019 is as under

| LIABILITIES | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AMOUN } \\ & \text { T(RS.) } \end{aligned}$ | ASSETS | AMOUNT(Rs.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8\% Preference shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid | 1,00,000 | Buildings | 3,08,000 |
| Equity shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid | 6,00,000 | Machinery | 1,33,000 |
| General reserve | 1,00,000 | Stock | 4,90,000 |
| Profit and Loss account | 44,200 | Debtors | 2,17,000 |
| Bank overdraft | 28,000 |  | --------------- |
| Creditors | 1,07,800 | ---- | ----------------- |
| Provision for tax | 63,000 | ------------------ | ---------- |
| Expenses payable | 1,05,000 | --- | ------------ |
| Total | 11,48,000 | Total | 11,48,000 |

The profits of the company after charging all expenses and depreciation but before tax were as under:
For 2014-15 ----------- RS. 2,38,000
For 2015-16------------ Rs.2,68,500
For 2016-17-------------Rs.2,52,000
For 2017-18-------------Rs.2,80,000
For 2018-19--------------Rs.2,66,000
On 31-03-2019 Building was taken as worth Rs.3,50,000 and Machinery Rs.2,10,000. Income tax to be taken at $50 \%$ and $10 \%$ is to be transferred to general reserve.
Looking at the nature of business $10 \%$ is considered to be a reasonable rate of return on capital employed.
Profit for the year 2016-17 includes speculative loss of Rs. 5,000 .
The profit of the year 2018-19 is arrived at without considering outstanding expenses of Rs. 5,000.
Find out the value of equity share under the following methods;
(a) Intrinsic value method (b) Yield value and (c) Fair value after taking into account the revised value of fixed assets and value of Goodwill to be Rs.1,70,650.

Q5 The balances as per the ledgers of JK ELECNRONICS LTD as at 31st March 2019 were as follow's

| Particulars | Amount(Rs.) | Particulars | Amount (Rs.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Premises | 6,00,000 | Cash at bank | 79,800 |
| Plant and machinery | 7.20,000 | Wages | 1,69,600 |
| Interim dividend paid | 15,000 | General expenses | 33,800 |
| Purchases | 3,70,000 | Salaries | 29,000 |
| Preliminary expenses | 10,000 | Debenture interest (up to 30-9-2018) | 18,000 |
| Freight inwards | 26,200 | Sales | 8,30,000 |
| Directors fees | 11,480 | Provision for bad debts (old Provision) | 7,000 |
| Bad debts | 4,220 | Share Capital | 9,05,000 |
| 6\% debentures | 6,00,000 | ----------------- | ------------- |
| Profit \& loss appropriation account (Cr)(opening balance) | 29,000 | ------------------- | --------------- |
| $4 \%$ government securities | 1,20,000 | --------------------- | ---------------- |
| Stock (1-4-2018) | 1,50,000 | --------------------- | ---------- |
| Furniture | 14,400 | --------------------- | ------------- |
| Sundry debtors | 1,74,000 | -------------------- | ------------ |
| Goodwill | 50,000 | ---------------------- | ------------- |
| Cash in hand | 1,500 | --------------------- | -------------- |

Prepare profit \& Loss statement for the year ended 31-3-2019 taking into account the
(a) Depreciate Plant \& machinery @ $10 \%$ and Furniture @ $5 \%$
(b) Write off $1 / 5$ th of the Preliminary expenses
(c) Provide provision for doubtful debts at $5 \%$ on Sundry Debtors.
(d) Directors proposed final dividend at $5 \%$.
(e) Transfer Rs. 20,000 to general reserve.
(f) Make provision for taxation to the extent of Rs. 50,000
(g) The stock a1 31-3-2019 was Rs. 2,02,000.
(b) Rs. 20,000 wages were incurred for adding rooms for the premises. However, the amount was wrongly included in salaries and wages.
(i) Interest on $4 \%$ Govt. securities needs to be calculated.

Q6 STAR Limited was wound up on 31 March 2019 and its summary of assets and
20 Marks liabilities is given below;

| Liabilities | Amount (Rs.) | Assets | Amount (Rs.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Share capital: <br> 1,20,000 Equity shares of <br> Rs. 10 each | 12,00,000 | Fixed assets | 9,64,000 |
| Reserve and Surplus: <br> Capital reserve <br> Contingency Reserve <br> Profit and Loss account | $\begin{aligned} & 42,000 \\ & 2,70,000 \\ & 2,52,000 \end{aligned}$ | Current assets: <br> Stock <br> Sundry debtors $1,60,000$ <br> Less: Provision for doubtful debts $\quad 8,000$ Bills Receivables Cash at bank | $\begin{array}{r} 7,75,000 \\ \\ 1,52,000 \\ 30,000 \\ 3,29,000 \end{array}$ |
| Current Liabilities: <br> Bills payable <br> Sundry creditors <br> Provision for tax |  | $\qquad$ | --- |
| TOTAL | 22,50,000 | TOTAL | 22,50,000 |

GALAXY Limited took over the following assets at values shown as under; Fixed assets - Rs.12,80,000; stock -Rs. 7,70,000; and Bills Receivable Rs. 30,000 Purchase consideration was settled by GALAXY Limited as under;
(a) Rs.5,10,000 of the consideration was satisfied by allotment of fully paid $10 \%$ Preference shares of Rs. 100 each.
(b) The balance was settled by issuing equity shares of Rs, 10 each, Rs. 8 per share paid up.
(c) Sundry debtors realised Rs. $1,50,000$; Bills payable was settled for Rs, 38,000 ,
(d) Income tax authorities fixed the taxation liabilities at Rs. $2,22,000$.
(e) Creditors were finally settled with the cash remaining after meeting Liquidation expenses amounting to Rs. 8,000 .
You are required to prepare the following ledgers;

1. Realisation account
2. Galaxy Limited account
3. Equity shareholders account

Also show the opening entries in the books of GALAXY Limited. (Apply Purchase Method)

