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## T.Y.B.Com Semester VI (CBCS) Ordinance EXAMINATION MAY 2023

Cost & Management Accounting(DSE 7) Major VII - Advanced Cost Accounting II

[Time: 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks:80]

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**Instructions:** 

1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

2) Answer any three questions from Question No. 2 to Question No. 6.

3) Figures to the right indicate marks to the question/sub-question.

Q.1 A product passes through two processes before it is transferred to finished stock. The following information is obtained for the month of March 2019.

**Process 2 Finished** Process 1 **Particulars** Stock (Rs.) (Rs.) (Rs.) 9,000 22,500 7,500 Opening Stock 15,000 15,750 Direct Material **Direct Wages** 11,200 11,250 4,500 **Production Overheads** 10,500 3,700 4,500 11,250 Closing Stock Profit percentage (%) on transfer 20% 25% price to the next process 1,500 8,250 Inter-process profit for opening stock .

Stocks in processes are valued at prime cost and finished stock has been valued at the price at which it was received from Process II. The sales during the period were Rs 1,40,000. Prepare Process cost accounts and finished stock account showing the profit element at each stage.

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Q.2 Deluxe Construction Ltd. commenced a contract on 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2018. The total contract was for Rs. 49,21,875. It was decided to estimate the total profit on the contract and to take to the credit of Profit and Loss Account that proportion of estimated profit on cash basis which work completed bore to the total contract. Actual expenditure for the period from 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2018 to 31<sup>st</sup> March 2019 and estimated expenditure for the period from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2019 to 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2019 are given below.

į.	01.04.2018 to 31.03.2019 (Actual) (Rs.)	01.04.2019 to 30.09.2019 (Estimated) (Rs.)
Materials	7,76,250	12,99,375
Labour: Paid	5,17,500	6,18,750
Prepaid	37,500	
Outstanding	12,500	5,750
Plant Purchased	4,00,000	
Expenses: Paid	2,25,000	3,75,000
Outstanding	25,000	10,000
Prepaid	15,000	<b>-</b>
Plant returned to store	1,00,000	3,00,000
(historical cost)	(on 30 <sup>th</sup> September, 2018)	(on 30 <sup>th</sup> September, 2019)
Materials at site	82,500	42,500
Work certified	22,50,000	Full
Work uncertified	25,000	
Cash received	18,75,000	1

The plant is subject to annual depreciation at the rate of 25% on written down value method. The contract is likely to be completed on 30th September, 2019.

## Prepare:

- a) Contract account for the period from 01.04.2018 to 31.03.2019.
- b) Estimated contract account for the entire period from 01.04.2018 to 30.09.2019
- Q.3 The cost ledger of a company shows the following balances as on 31st March, 2018.

Particulars	Debit (Rs.)	Credit (Rs.)
Work in Progress Control Account	7,840	
Finished Stock Ledger Control Account	5,860	
Stores Ledger Control Account	10,500	
General Ledger Adjustment Account		24,800

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Transactions for the year 2018-2019 are as follows:

Particulars	Rs.
Direct wages	61,200
Indirect wages	2,800
Factory overheads allocated to production	18,700
Administration overheads allocated	6,200
Stores issued to production	39,300
Cost of goods finished during the year	1,20,000
Cost of finished goods sold (no stock was	1,32,000
left at the year end)	r.
Stores purchased	36,000
Stores issued to factory repair order	1,500
Carriage inward on stores issued for production	600
Factory expenses	14,000
Administrative expenses	6,000
Sales	1,32,000

You are required to prepare the following ledger accounts under non-integrated accounting system.

a) General Ledger Adjustment Account

b) Work-in-Progress Control Account

c) Stores Ledger Control Account

d) Finished Goods Control Account

- Q.4 A. What is uniform costing? Explain the advantages (any four) and limitations (any 10 four) of a uniform costing system.
  - B. Journalise the following transactions assuming that cost and financial accounts are integrated.

				1	Amount (Rs.)
Raw mate	rials purchas	sed on credit		, e	20,000
Direct ma	terials issued	l to producti	on		15,000
Wages par	id (30% indi	rect)	v	1 4 2	12,000
Wages cha	arged to proc	luction			9,500
Selling an	d distribution	expenses in	ncurred		2,000
Finished p	roduct (at co	ost)			20,000

Q.5 A. Discuss the advantages (any five) and limitations (any five) of inter-firm comparison.

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B. From the following details prepare (i) Statement of equivalent production
(ii) Statement of Cost and (iii) Statement of Evaluation using FIFO Method.
Opening work-in-progress (2,000 unites)

	Amount (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
7 (1000/ 3/114)	5,000	(10.)
Materials (100% complete)		1
Labour (60% complete)	3,000	
Overheads (60% complete)	<u>1,500</u>	9,500
Units introduced into the process	8,000	\ "
	units	
There are 2,000 units in progress and the sta	ige	
of completion is estimated to be as follows:		
Materials - 100%		
Labour - 50%		
Overheads - 50%	4)	
8,000 units are transferred to the next proces	ss.	
The process costs for the period are as follow	ws:	
Materials Rs. 1,00,000		4.
Labour Rs. 78,000	P	1
Overheads Rs. 39,000		

## Q.6 Write short notes (any four)

a) Objectives and limitations of inter-process profits.

- b) Escalation Clause in Contract Account
- c) Steps in implementation of activity based costing
- d) Types of responsibility centres
- e) Contents of uniform costing manual

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